Patanjali Yog Sutras

Weekly Session 3

JKYOG Center For Indian Culture & Education

Prayer

गुरुर्ब्रह्मा गुरुर्विष्णु र्गुरुर्देवो महेश्वरः गुरु साक्षात परब्रह्मा तस्मै श्रीगुरवे नमः GururBrahma GururVishnu GururDevo Maheshwaraha Guru Saakshaat ParaBrahma Tasmai Sri Gurave Namaha

Meaning: Guru is the Creator (Brahma), Guru is the Preserver (Vishnu), Guru is the Destroyer (Maheshwara). Guru is the absolute (singular) Lord himself! Salutations to that Sri Guru

वसुदेव सुतं देवं कंस चाणूर मर्दनम् । देवकी परमानन्दं कृष्णं वन्दे जगद्गुरुम्

vasudeva sutam devam kamsa cāṇūramardanam | devakī paramānandam kṛṣṇam vande jagadgurum

Meaning: I offer my obeisance's to Lord Krishna, the beloved son of Vasudeva, who killed the great demons Kamsa and Cāṇūra, who is the source of great joy to Mother Devakī; and who is indeed a world teacher and spiritual master of the universe

Patanjali Series – What to Expect!



Special Videos



Practical tools



Introspective activities



Spiritual Stories



Topic related Meditations



Fun Quizzes & Polls



Quote of the day



Session summary



Email Digest

Agenda

- Topic: Mental states & the link to valid / invalid knowledge
 - Recap of 1.4,1.5 (covered in Yoga Festival)
 - Verse 1.6
- Discussion on concepts with visual summary
- Practical Application & Experience Sharing

Recap

Science of Yog

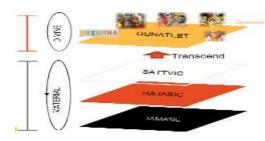
Goal of Yog

Mind, Intellect & Ego

Path to Purify the Mind







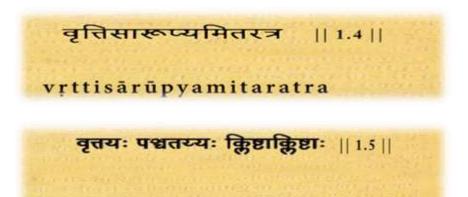
Verses

Recap of 1.4,1.5 (Yoga Festival) + 1.6

1.4: In other instances, the soul forgets its divine nature and identifies itself with mental states

1.5: mental states are five in number, painful and not painful

1.6: The five-fold fluctuations of the mind are caused by valid knowledge, erroneous knowledge, fanciful ideas, sleep and memory



vrttayah pañcatayyah klistāklistāh

प्रमाण-विपर्यय-विकल्प-निद्रा-स्मृतयः || 1.6 || pramāṇa viparyaya vikalpa nidrā smṛtayaḥ

Video Time

Let us watch a video by Swami Mukundananda explaining the verses

Last 2 minutes of this: https://youtu.be/ppku5Y4Q6EI

+ Full https://youtu.be/XDEqIv28TmU

What type of lake you want to be in?



Like a **muddy lake**, Mind is not clear of impurities

Finally, when the mind is purified, we can see the body, mind, intellect and soul (mountain lake)

The Vrittis

- Vrittis: "Material" Perturbations of the mind. Waves!
- Painful and not painful = long term consequences, not immediate pain
- These are tangible, active states of mind (vs. sanskars).
 There are many mental states e.g., attachment, desire, ego
- Phrase to Remember: Purify Mind & Intellect So Much!





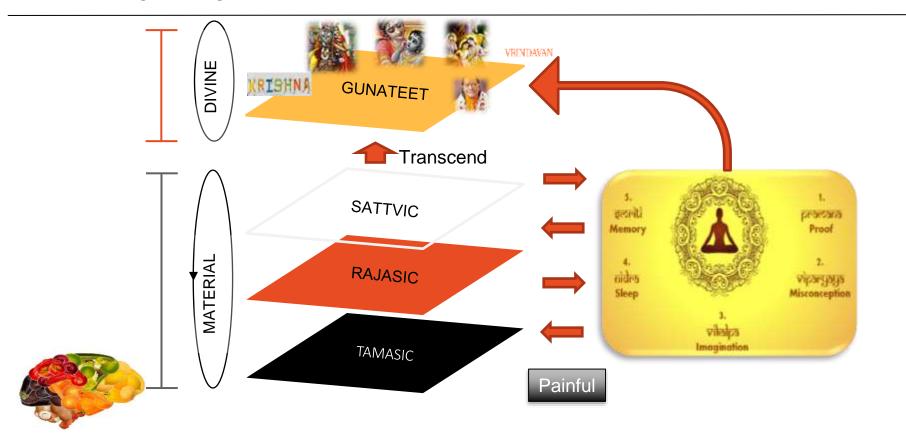
Pop-Quiz

While dreaming during sleep, which "vritti" is influencing us:

- A. Viparyaya (Misconception)
- **B.** Vikalpa (Imagination)
- C. Nidra (Sleep)
- D. Smriti (Memory)



How to purify!



Interactive Activity

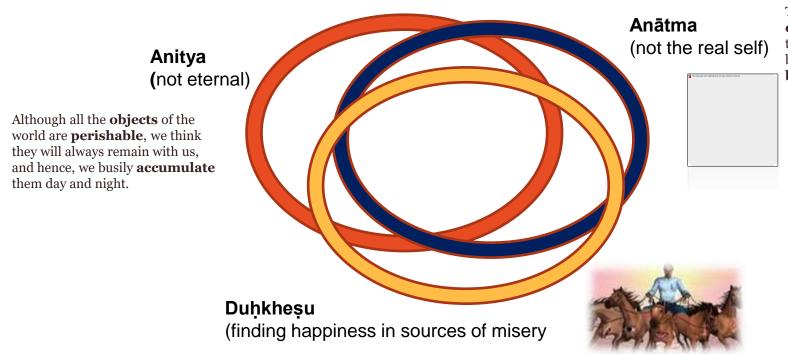
- 1. Share any lesson from our discussion so far!
- 2. How do the mental states affect us?
- 3. Can we use these states to improve our mind? (e.g., imagination, memory, proof)



THANK YOU FOR YOUR PARTICIPATION!

Viparaya: Invalid knowledge or misconceptions

Akrur ji, the messenger of Shree Krishna to the gopis, described imperfections of the intellect (or "viparyaya" / fallacies) in the Bhagavatam (10.40.25): anityānātma duḥkheshu viparyaya matirhyaham.



Though we are eternal souls, we think of ourselves to be the **perishable** body.

Mind's state of functioning

What comprises the mind?

- Many functions and many parts!
 - The Panchadashi (Advaita Vedanta manual) says one mind
 - The Gita says mind and intellect
 - The Yoga Darshan says mind, intellect and ego
 - The Shanakaracharya bhashyas say four: mind(man), chit, buddhi, ahankara

Do Surrender Divine Thoughts & attachment

These are NOT four separate entities but FOUR STATES of FUNCTIONING of the mind!

- Mind creates thoughts (mana or manas), hankering, aversion
- Intellect analyzes and decides (buddhi), values to things
- Chitta when it gets attached to a person/object
- **Ego** when it identifies with body and becomes proud (ahankara) Ego is the soul's point of contact with the material world
- Remember the mad Dog on street example mentioned by Swami ji
- Watch later video: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=R_opS2cBrmM

